

5. Consider how Leodamas thought that Callistratus and Chabrias were each more guilty than each other for the loss of Oropus to Thebes.

(i) According to Aristotle, if the beginning had greater importance than the end, then would Callistratus have been more guilty than Chabrias? Why or why not? Explain.

(ii) According to Aristotle, if the end had greater importance than the beginning, then would Callistratus have been more guilty than Chabrias? Why or why not? Explain.

6. Consider what Aristotle had to say about the different kinds of government.

(i) According to Aristotle, what are the four main kinds of government?
(This is an 'all-or-nothing' question.)

(ii) According to Aristotle, how are the two kinds of monarchy different from each other?

7. According to Aristotle, what kind of praiseworthy ability is virtue?

8. According to Aristotle, what are the greatest virtues?

9. Consider how Aristotle defined the four cardinal virtues.

(i) According to Aristotle, what is the virtue of justice?

(ii) According to Aristotle, what is the virtue of courage?

(iii) According to Aristotle, what is the virtue of temperance?

(iv) According to Aristotle, what is the virtue of prudence?

10. Consider how Aristotle identified some of the vices.

(i) According to Aristotle, which vice is the opposite of justice?

(ii) According to Aristotle, which vice is the opposite of courage?

(iii) According to Aristotle, which vice is the opposite of temperance?

(iv) According to Aristotle, which vice is the opposite of the virtues of magnanimity and magnificence?