

# Calculus Honors - M7H

## Extrema - Homework 1

1. Find the local extrema (if there are any) of the following functions (do not forget to find the domains). Show your work.

(i)  $f(x) = 1 + \sqrt{4 - x^2}$

(v)  $p(x) = x^2 + 32\sqrt{x}$

(ii)  $g(x) = x^{\frac{2}{3}}$

(vi)  $q(x) = \frac{x^2}{x - 2}$

(iii)  $h(x) = x^2 + \frac{2}{x}$

(vii)  $m(x) = x^2 \ln x$

(iv)  $t(x) = x^2 e^{3x}$

(viii)  $d(x) = e^x - e^{-x}$

2. Find the extrema of the following functions and classify them as local or global. Show your work.

(i)  $f(x) = mx + b$ , where  $m, b \in \mathbb{R}, m > 0$ ,  
 $x \in [-5, 9]$

(v)  $G(x) = x^2 + 32\sqrt{x}$ ,  $x \in [1, 5]$

(ii)  $g(x) = -\frac{1}{x^2}$ ,  $x \in \left[\frac{1}{2}, 3\right]$

(vi)  $H(x) = \frac{x - 2}{x^2 - 2}$ ,  $x \in [-1, 1]$

(iii)  $h(x) = 2x^3 + 24x^2 - 120x + 6$ ,  $x \in [-10, 3]$

(vii)  $k(x) = (x - 1)^2(x + 2)$ ,  $x \in [-3, 2]$

(iv)  $F(x) = \frac{1}{x} + \ln x$ ,  $x \in [1, 4]$

(viii)  $r(x) = 2x \ln x + x^2 - 4x + 3$ ,  $x \in [1, e]$

3. Find  $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$  such that the function  $f(x) = ax^3 + bx^2 - 3x + 1$  has relative extrema at  $x = -1$  and  $x = 1$ . For these values of  $a$  and  $b$ , specify what each extremum is.

4. Consider a rectangle with side lengths  $x$  and  $y$  and perimeter 10 m.

(i) Write the area of the rectangle as a function  $A(x)$  and find the domain of  $A(x)$

(ii) Prove that from all the rectangles with perimeter 10 m, the square has the maximum area

(iii) Find the maximum area

5. Consider the function  $f(x) = e^x - x - 1$

(i) Find the domain of  $f$

(ii) Study the monotonicity of  $f$  and find its local extrema

(iii) Prove that  $e^x > 1 + x$  for every  $x > 0$