

**Chapter 14 - Assignment 8: The *Republic* (Book X)**

In order to answer the following questions, read Book 10 of the *Republic* (Πολιτεία) on pages 38—53 in Chapter 14.

1. According to Socrates, there are three kinds of couch.

(i) According to Socrates, what are the three kinds of couch?

(ii) According to Socrates, which kind of couch *actually* exists?

(iii) According to Socrates, which kind of couch merely *seems* to exist?

(iv) According to Socrates, which kind of couch *imitates* what merely seems to exist?

(v) According to Socrates, which kind of couch is the ideal form of the couch?

(vi) According to Socrates, which kind of couch participates in the ideal form of the couch?

(vii) According to Socrates, which kind of couch imitates the kind of couch that participates in the ideal form of the couch?

(viii) According to Socrates, which couch-maker is an imitator?

2. According to Socrates, a flute-maker needs to take the advice of a flautist (or flute-player), but a painter who paints a flute doesn't need to take the advice of a flautist (or flute-player).

(i) Why did Socrates think so?

(ii) According to Socrates, what are the three main kinds of art?

(a) \_\_\_\_\_

(b) \_\_\_\_\_

(c) \_\_\_\_\_

3. The opposite of virtue is vice. In other words, "virtue" and "vice" are antonyms.

(i) According to Glaucon, what destroys the soul?

(ii) The vice of intemperance is the opposite of which virtue?

(iii) The vice of cowardice is the opposite of which virtue?

(iv) The vice of injustice is the opposite of which virtue?

(v) The vice of ignorance (or foolishness) is the opposite of which virtue?

