

# APPC Lesson 8.4 Homework

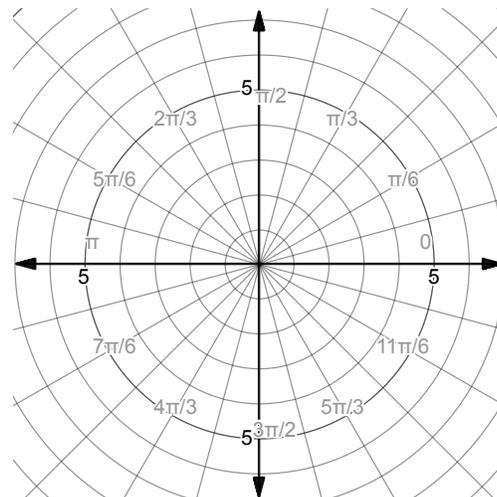
Name \_\_\_\_\_

1. Let  $r = 3 + 4 \sin \theta$ .

a. Complete the table.

$\theta$	0	$\frac{\pi}{2}$	$\pi$	$\frac{3\pi}{2}$	$2\pi$
$r$					

b. Graph the equation.

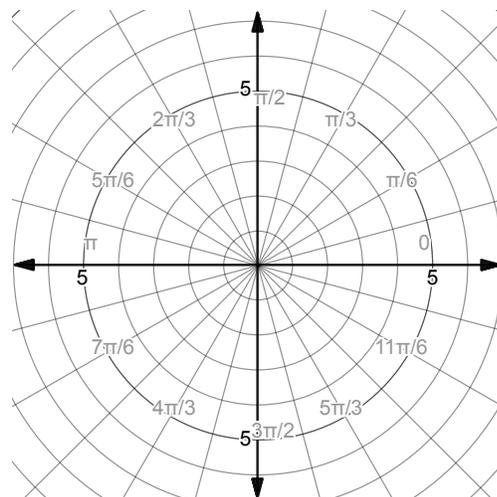


2. Let  $r = 3 - 3 \sin \theta$ .

a. Complete the table.

$\theta$	0	$\frac{\pi}{2}$	$\pi$	$\frac{3\pi}{2}$	$2\pi$
$r$					

b. Graph the equation.

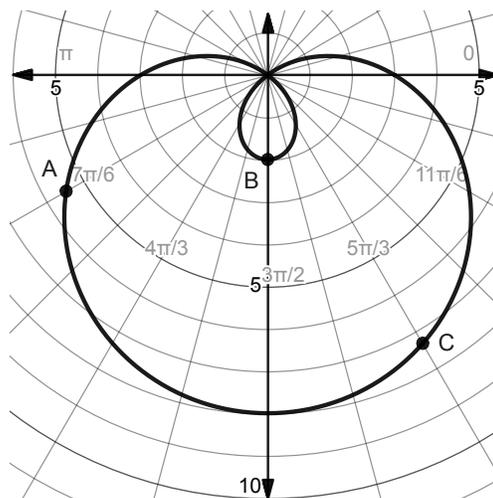


3. The graph of a polar function  $r = f(\theta)$  is shown where  $f(\theta) = 3 - 5 \sin \theta$  and  $0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$ . The points  $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $C$  satisfy the equation  $r = f(\theta)$ .

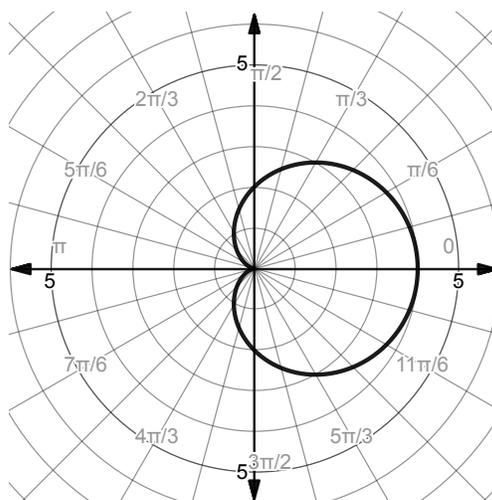
a. Find the coordinates of Point  $A$ .

b. Find the coordinates of Point  $B$ .

c. Find the coordinates of Point  $C$ .

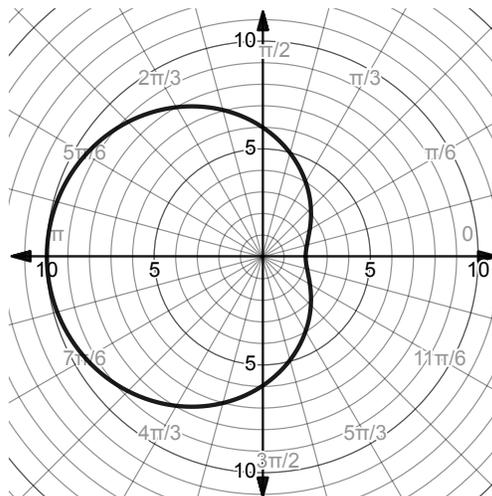


4. Write the equation of the graph shown.



5. Describe the similarities and differences between the graphs of  $r = 2 + 5 \sin \theta$  and  $r = 2 + 5 \cos \theta$ .

6. The graph of  $r = 6 + k \cos \theta$  is shown for some constant  $k$  is shown. Find the value of  $k$ .



7. Write the equation of a limaçon with a dent or dimple that has a maximum radius of 9 and polar axis symmetry.

8. At which points  $(r, \theta)$  for  $0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$  does the graph of  $r = 1 + 4 \sin \theta$  ...
- cross the line  $\theta = 0$  ?
  - cross the line  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$  ?
9. Consider the graph of  $r = 3 + 2 \cos \theta$  .
- Identify the maximum radius of the graph. For which value(s) of  $\theta$  on the interval  $[0, 2\pi]$  does the graph attain these values?
  - Identify the minimum radius of the graph. For which value(s) of  $\theta$  on the interval  $[0, 2\pi]$  does the graph attain these values?
  - For which values of  $\theta$  on the interval  $[0, 2\pi]$  does  $r = 3$  ? How do you know?
  - When  $r = 4$  , what is the value of  $2 \cos \theta$  ? What is the value of  $\cos \theta$  ?
  - For which values of  $\theta$  on the interval  $[0, 2\pi]$  does  $r = 4$  ? Check your answers to parts a-e by graphing  $r = 3 + 2 \cos \theta$  using technology.

10. Determine the maximum and minimum radius of the limaçon given by the equation  $r = 4 + 2 \sin \theta$ .