

HW 7-4

NAME _____

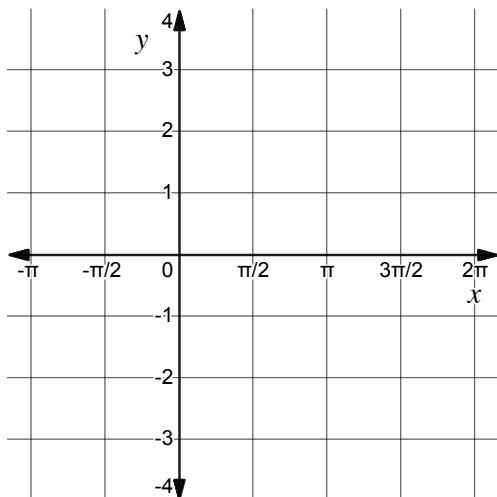
1. If $\tan \theta = 2.4$, find $\cot \theta$.

2. Identify all subinterval(s) of $[0, 2\pi]$ on which $\csc \theta < 0$.

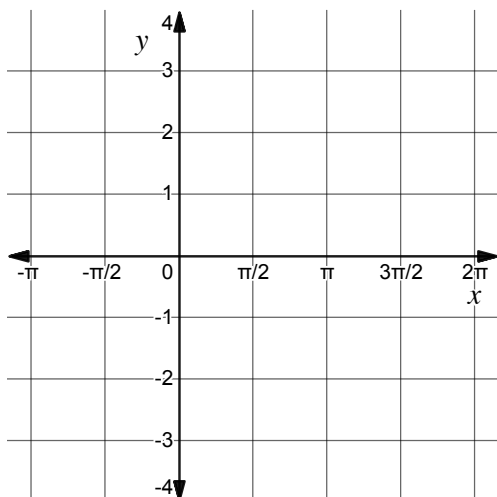
3. Complete the table to indicate for which angles from 0 to 2π each of the six trig ratios are undefined.

	Is undefined when $\theta =$
$\sin \theta$	N/A
$\cos \theta$	
$\tan \theta$	
$\csc \theta$	
$\sec \theta$	
$\cot \theta$	


4. Graph $y = -\csc x$.



5. Graph $y = 2 \sec x$.



6. Explain why the range of $y = \sec \theta$ is $(-\infty, -1] \cup [1, \infty)$.

 7. The graph of $y = \cot(bx)$ has vertical asymptotes $x = 0, x = 6\pi, x = 12\pi, x = 18\pi, \dots$. Find the value of b .

8. Determine the range of $f(x) = 2 + 5 \sec x$.

9. Suppose the following functions are graphed in the xy -coordinate plane. Which graph has x -intercepts?

A) $y = \sin x + 3$

B) $y = \csc x + 3$

C) $y = 3 \sec x$

D) $y = \frac{1}{3} \csc x$

10. Let $f(\theta) = \tan \theta$ and $g(\theta) = \cot \theta$. Which of the following statements is true?

A) If $f(\theta) = 0, g(\theta) = 0$.

B) If $f(\theta) > 0, g(\theta) < 0$.

C) $f(\theta) = g(\theta)$ when $\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$

D) $f(\theta) \cdot g(\theta) > 0$ for all θ in the domain of f and g .

11. Write an equation for the graph shown.

