

## Unit 2 - Classwork 1: The Greek Dark Ages

In order to help you answer these questions, see pages 10—14 in Unit 2.

1. The earliest Greek writings were written by the Mycenaean Greeks. Did they write the Greek language in the Greek alphabet? Why or why not?
2. The Mycenaean Greek civilization was disrupted by Greek newcomers, and the newcomers were four different Greek ethnic group, but what were those four ethnic groups?
  - (i) \_\_\_\_\_
  - (ii) \_\_\_\_\_
  - (iii) \_\_\_\_\_
  - (iv) \_\_\_\_\_
3. Singapore is a modern day *city-state*. What is another word for “city-state”?  
(Hint: It comes from *Ancient* Greek. The modern Greek word is slightly different.)
4. What is another word for “dual-monarchy”?

5. What is the difference between a *monarchy* and a *diarchy*?
- (i) What is similar about the words “monarchy” and “diarchy”? In other words, what is similar about the words “μοναρχία” and “διαρχία”?
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  - (ii) What is the difference between a *monarchy* and a *diarchy*?
6. Every kingdom is ruled by a king or a queen, but how did the Kingdom of Corinth go from being a *monarchy* to being a *diarchy*?
7. Every kingdom is ruled by a king or a queen, but how did the Kingdom of Corinth go from being a *diarchy* to being a *monarchy*?

8. When the Kingdom of Athens came to an end, the new Athenian government was led by three leaders. Who were those three leaders? What role did each leader have?

(i) Leader's *Title*: \_\_\_\_\_

Leader's *Role*:

(ii) Leader's *Title*: \_\_\_\_\_

Leader's *Role*:

(iii) Leader's *Title*: \_\_\_\_\_

Leader's *Role*:

9. What is similar about the words "aristocracy" and "democracy"? In other words, what is similar about the words "ἀριστοκρατία" and "δημοκρατία"?

10. In an aristocracy, who wields the political power?