

***“Discourse on the Origin and Foundation of the Inequalities among Men” by Jean-Jacques Rousseau***

The text is found in Archie.

**Activity:** (The text is found in Archie.)

- 1. Research the Enlightenment (you can use the Stanford Encyclopedia)**
  - a. Time period
  - b. Characteristics
    - i. Main ideas
  
- 2. Research Romanticism (you can use the Stanford Encyclopedia)**
  - a. Time period
  - b. Characteristics
    - i. Main ideas
  - c. Explain why it is a movement that was born as an objection to the Enlightenment
  
- 3. Vocabulary**
  - a. As you read ***“Discourse on the Origin and Foundation of the Inequalities among Men”***, write down the words that you do not know—it does not matter how many—and look up their definition—write it down next to the word.
  
- 4. Questions**
  - a. Read the underlined paragraphs and ask one question that can be answered by that passage.
  
- 5. Describe**
  - a. As you read the text (you can tweak the answers after you finish reading the text) describe, in short paragraphs, the following concepts:
    - i. **State of Nature**
    - ii. **The nature of Human Beings**
    - iii. **The effects society has on human beings** (what happens to human beings after they live the state of nature)
  
- 6. Make Connections**
  - a. After reading the whole text and completing the assignment write a few paragraphs (at least two) that support the following claim
    - i. **Support the claim that Rousseau is a Romantic thinker** (a thinker belonging to the movement known as Romanticism)