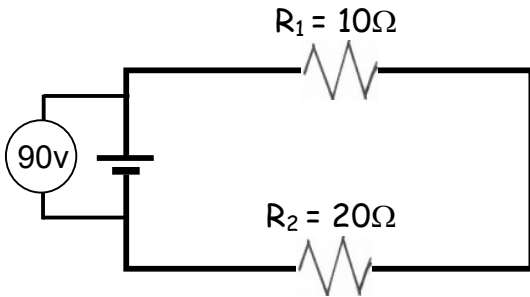


Worksheet- Series Circuit Problems, Episode 903 Name _____

Remember that in a series circuit:

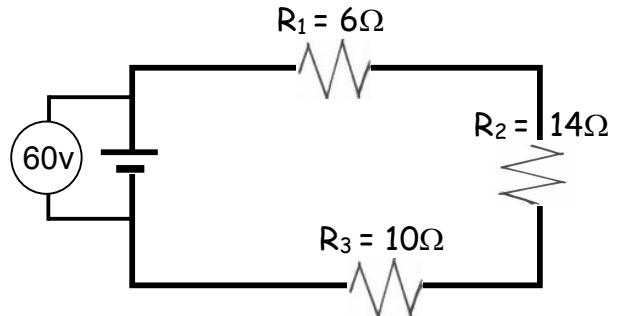
- the **current** in every part of the circuit (is the same, adds up).
- the **voltage** supplied by the battery is the _____ voltage of the circuit, and the voltage drops across each resistor (is the same, adds up to) the total voltage.
- to calculate total **resistance**, (add, use reciprocals).



$$R_T = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad I_T = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$I_1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad I_2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

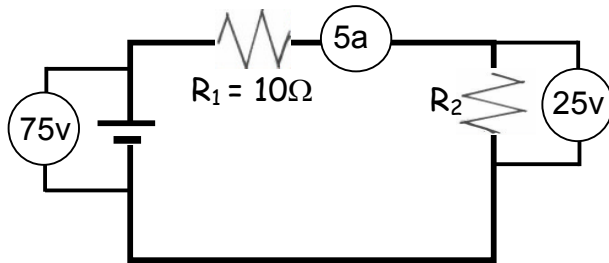
$$V_1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad V_2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$



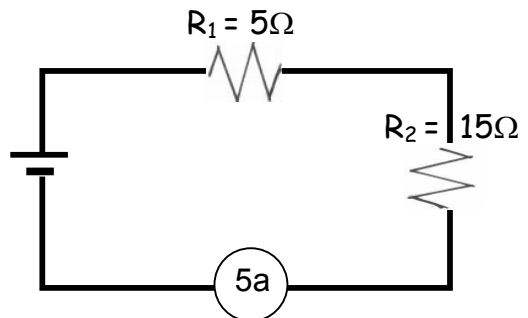
$$R_T = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad I_T = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$I_1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad I_2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad I_3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

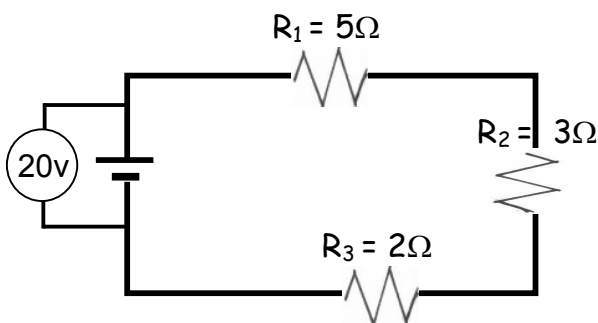
$$V_1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad V_2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad V_3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$



$$V_1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad I_2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad R_2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

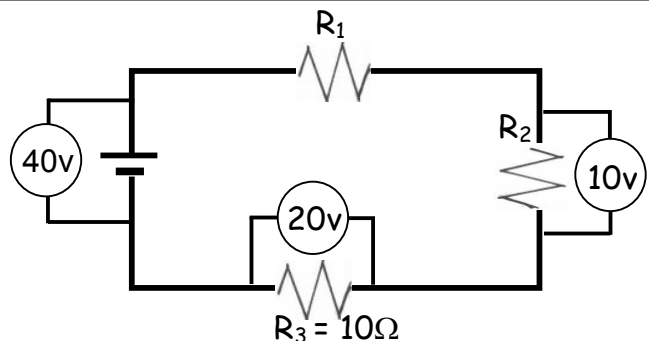


$$V_1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad V_2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad V_T = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$



$$R_T = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad I_T = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$V_1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad V_2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad V_3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$



$$I_3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad I_1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad V_1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$R_1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad R_2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$