

The Crucible Final Test

1. What kind of government does Salem have in The Crucible?
 - A. Democracy
 - B. Theocracy
 - C. Monarchy
 - D. Plutocracy
2. What is Parris' position in Salem?
 - A. Governor
 - B. Judge
 - C. Minister
 - D. Bailiff
3. Before the play begins, what did Parris catch his daughter and other girls doing?
 - A. trying to run away from home
 - B. Dancing in the forest
 - C. Reading Catholic books
 - D. Conducting a black mass in the church
4. Why did Elizabeth Proctor fire Abigail?
 - A. Abigail was too proud
 - B. Abigail didn't work hard enough
 - C. Abigail dressed like a prostitute
 - D. Abigail was having an affair with John Proctor
5. As the play opens, whom has Parris asked to come to Salem?
 - A. Judge Danforth
 - B. Reverend Hale
 - C. Tituba
 - D. John Proctor
6. What is John Proctor's chief complaint against Parris's sermons?
 - A. They focus too much on fire and brimstone
 - B. They are too long
 - C. They are heretical
 - D. They are too short

7. What does Mrs. Putnam blame on witchcraft?
 - A. Her husband's cancer
 - B. The death of seven of her children in infancy
 - C. Bad weather
 - D. The crop failure

8. Who is the first person that Abigail claims practiced witchcraft?
 - A. Tituba
 - B. John Proctor
 - C. Reverend Hale
 - D. Mary Warren

9. In Act II, what does Mary Warren give to Elizabeth Proctor when she returns from the trials?
 - A. A cake
 - B. A bonnet
 - C. A kiss
 - D. A little doll

10. What news does Mary Warren bring from Salem?
 - A. That someone accused Elizabeth of witchcraft
 - B. That the witch trials have ended
 - C. That someone accused John Proctor of witchcraft
 - D. That Reverend Hale is ill

11. Which commandment does John Proctor forget when Reverend Hale quizzes him?
 - A. Thou shalt not kill
 - B. Thou shalt not commit adultery
 - C. Honor thy mother and father
 - D. Thou shalt not covet

12. Whom do Ezekiel Cheever and Herrick, the marshal, come to the Proctor house to arrest?
 - A. John Proctor
 - B. Reverend Hale
 - C. Mary Warren
 - D. Elizabeth Proctor

13. To what does John Proctor convince Mary Warren to testify?
 - A. That the girls are only pretending to be possessed
 - B. That Abigail is a witch
 - C. That Hale is a warlock
 - D. That he and Abigail slept together

14. Who is in charge of the court?
 - A. Giles Corey
 - B. Danforth
 - C. Hale
 - D. Parris

15. Why will Elizabeth not be hanged if she is found guilty?
 - A. Because she is a woman
 - B. Because the Puritans do not allow capital punishment
 - C. Because she is pregnant
 - D. Because John Proctor is well respected

16. On what charge is Giles Corey arrested?
 - A. Witchcraft
 - B. Murder
 - C. Contempt of court
 - D. Slander

17. When Mary Warren testifies against them, what do Abigail and her troop of girls do?
 - A. They all confess
 - B. They attack her
 - C. They claim that Mary is bewitching them
 - D. They claim that John Proctor has bewitched Mary

18. What does John Proctor do, in a desperate attempt to foil Abigail?
 - A. He tells the court about his affair with her
 - B. He accuses her of witchcraft
 - C. He tries to kill her
 - D. He tells the court that Abigail is a man dressed as a woman

19. Who is brought in to corroborate John Proctor's claims about Abigail?
 - A. Elizabeth Proctor
 - B. Rebecca Nurse
 - C. Mary Warren

D. Parris

20. What does Elizabeth do when called upon to testify?
- A. Keeps silent
 - B. Tells a lie
 - C. Tells the truth
 - D. Kills herself
21. What does the court do with John Proctor?
- A. It frees him and sends him home
 - B. It orders him stoned to death
 - C. It exiles him to Maine
 - D. It arrests and tries him for witchcraft
22. What is Giles' fate?
- A. He is hanged
 - B. He confesses to witchcraft
 - C. He is crushed with heavy stones
 - D. He is set free after his wife dies
23. When John Proctor is facing death, what does Hale urge him to do?
- A. Kill himself
 - B. Blame someone else
 - C. Confess, even though he is innocent
 - D. Refuse to confess
24. Why does Proctor retract his confession?
- A. Because the officials demand that he sign his name to it
 - B. Because Hale asks him to
 - C. Because new evidence has come to light
 - D. Because Abigail confesses
25. What does Abigail do at the end of the play?
- A. She kills herself
 - B. She flees from Salem, after robbing her uncle
 - C. She also is hanged
 - D. She is revealed as a witch

26. What ultimately happens to John Proctor?
- A. He is freed
 - B. He kills himself
 - C. He escapes from prison and runs away with Abigail
 - D. He is hanged
27. Who is one of the judges?
- A. John Proctor
 - B. Hathorne
 - C. Parris
 - D. Reverend Hale
28. Who lead the girls in the forest with their dancing?
- A. Tituba
 - B. Martha
 - C. Rebecca
 - D. Elizabeth
29. Who did Abigail drink a blood charm for?
- A. Goody Putnam's husband
 - B. Giles Corey
 - C. John Proctor
 - D. Reverend Parris
30. What is the significance of the golden candlesticks?
- A. They show how corrupt and materialistic Rev. Parris truly is
 - B. They illustrate how materialistic Rev. Hale is
 - C. They illustrate the corruption of the town
 - D. The farmers liked the idea of gold in their church
31. Why did Giles Corey neither admit or deny being a witch?
- A. By not speaking, a legal loophole would allow his sons to inherit his farm
 - B. By not speaking, they would have to set him free
 - C. By not speaking, he proved he was a man of few words
 - D. By not speaking, a legal loophole allowed his wife to go free

32. What were Giles Corey's last words?
- A. "More weight."
 - B. "Damn you."
 - C. the Our Father
 - D. "Thank you."
33. What did John Proctor tear up?
- A. his eviction notice
 - B. his confession
 - C. his wife's death warrant
 - D. his wedding certificate
34. Why does Abigail Williams live with Reverend Parris?
- A. She is his daughter
 - B. She is his servant
 - C. She is having an affair with him
 - D. She is his niece
35. In the end, why does Reverend Parris wish to spare Proctor?
- A. He fears for his life if a respected man is hanged
 - B. He wishes to tear down the court
 - C. He wants to have revenge against Abigail
 - D. He is convinced that Proctor is innocent
36. Why do many of the accused admit to witchcraft?
- A. By admitting to witchcraft they can accuse others of the same crime
 - B. They are forced to admitting to witchcraft under duress and torture
 - C. They are actually witches
 - D. By admitting to witchcraft they guarantee that they will not be executed
37. Which character in the play is compared to Pontius Pilate?
- A. Thomas Putnam
 - B. Reverend Hale
 - C. Giles Corey
 - D. Reverend Parris
38. What is the significance about Danforth's support for Proctor's confession?
- A. It shows that he knows that there are no witches in Salem
 - B. It shows that his interest is in preserving the court and not in actual justice
 - C. It shows that he has turned against Putnam and Parris

- D. It shows that he will bend the rules whenever it suits him
39. Why is Mrs. Putnam jealous of Rebecca Nurse?
- A. Rebecca has a higher salary than she
 - B. Rebecca is so highly regarded in the community
 - C. She thinks that Rebecca is trying to steal her husband
 - D. All of Rebecca's children and grandchildren are healthy
40. What does Elizabeth lie about to the court?
- A. Her witchcraft practice
 - B. Her husband's affair
 - C. Her dancing in the woods
 - D. The real father of her child
41. In Act I, Tituba most likely confessed to meeting with the devil because she
- A. wanted to please Parris
 - B. wanted the villagers to fear her
 - C. did not want Abigail to get into trouble
 - D. thought it might save her life
42. In Act III, Giles Corey is arrested because he refuses to
- A. accuse his wife of conjuring spells
 - B. name the books his wife has been reading
 - C. leave the court without presenting his evidence
 - D. name the person who accused Putnam of grabbing land
43. In Act IV, one can infer that Abigail and Mercy have left Salem because they
- A. cannot bear to see Proctor hanged
 - B. were asked to leave by Parris
 - C. have gone to Andover for the witch trials there
 - D. fear the villagers will turn on them
44. In Act IV, what can be concluded from the references made about Andover?
- A. There will be many more deaths in Andover
 - B. Andover has been purged of all witches
 - C. The people have rebelled and overthrown the court
 - D. The people of Andover are demanding new trials

45. By the end of Act II, Reverend Hale has begun to worry that
- A. perhaps innocent people are being accused
 - B. The villagers might rebel against his authority
 - C. Rebecca Nurse did murder Goody Putnam's babies
 - D. Most of the villagers are in league with the devil
46. In Act IV, why does Danforth refuse to postpone the hangings?
- A. He fears the people will riot if the executions don't take place
 - B. He refuses to accept any suggestions from Hale
 - C. It might look as if he has wrongly executed innocent people
 - D. He doubts the authority of the church
47. Reverend Parris is most concerned with
- A. his standing in the church and his reputation
 - B. the spiritual needs of the people
 - C. Abigail's soul
 - D. Betty's health
48. At first, in Act II, Mary Warren enjoys her role in court because she
- A. thinks she has been chosen by god
 - B. knows she can destroy Elizabeth Proctor
 - C. likes the power and status she has in the village
 - D. slept in a ditch
49. In Act I, one can infer that the citizens of Salem thought dancing was
- A. evil and sinful
 - B. good exercise
 - C. a delightful entertainment
 - D. only for children
50. Parris fears the villagers will be against the court as he tells Danforth and Hathorne about:
- A. Abigail robbing him and running away
 - B. hardly thirty people showed up for Proctor's excommunication
 - C. He found a knife stuck in his door
 - D. The news from Andover
 - E. all of the above
51. Choose three vocabulary words from "The Crucible." What is their meaning? How were they used in the play?

