

Άσκηση: Να αποδείξεις τα παρακάτω.

$$\textcircled{1} ((\alpha + \beta) + \gamma) + \delta = \beta + (\alpha + (\delta + \gamma))$$

Λύση: $((\alpha + \beta) + \gamma) + \delta \stackrel{\textcircled{1}}{=} ((\beta + \alpha) + \gamma) + \delta$

① Αντιμεταθετική

$$\square + \Delta = \Delta + \square$$

$$\square = \alpha, \Delta = \beta$$

② Προσεταιριστική

$$(\square + \Delta) + \Theta = \square + (\Delta + \Theta)$$

$$\square = \beta, \Delta = \alpha, \Theta = \gamma$$

③ Προσεταιριστική

$$(\square + \Delta) + \Theta = \square + (\Delta + \Theta)$$

$$\square = \beta, \Delta = (\alpha + \gamma), \Theta = \delta$$

$$\stackrel{\textcircled{2}}{=} (\beta + (\alpha + \gamma)) + \delta$$

$$\stackrel{\textcircled{3}}{=} \beta + ((\alpha + \gamma) + \delta)$$

$$\stackrel{\textcircled{4}}{=} \beta + (\alpha + (\gamma + \delta))$$

$$\stackrel{\textcircled{5}}{=} \beta + (\alpha + (\delta + \gamma))$$

④ Προσεταιριστική

$$(\square + \Delta) + \Theta = \square + (\Delta + \Theta)$$

$$\square = \alpha, \Delta = \gamma, \Theta = \delta$$

⑤ Αντιμεταθετική

$$\square + \Delta = \Delta + \square, \square = \gamma, \Delta = \delta$$

$$\textcircled{2} \underline{((\alpha \cdot \beta) \cdot \gamma) \cdot \delta = \beta \cdot (\gamma \cdot (\delta \cdot \alpha))}$$

Λύση: $((\alpha \cdot \beta) \cdot \gamma) \cdot \delta = ((\beta \cdot \alpha) \cdot \gamma) \cdot \delta$

Αντιμεταθετική

$$\square = \alpha, \Delta = \beta$$

Προσεταιριστική

$$\square = \beta, \Delta = \alpha, \theta = \gamma$$

Αντιμεταθετική

$$\square = \alpha, \Delta = \gamma$$

Προσεταιριστική

$$\square = \beta, \Delta = (\gamma \cdot \alpha), \theta = \delta$$

Προσεταιριστική

$$\square = \gamma, \Delta = \alpha, \theta = \delta$$

Αντιμεταθετική

$$\square = \alpha, \Delta = \delta$$

$$= (\beta \cdot (\alpha \cdot \gamma)) \cdot \delta$$

$$= (\beta \cdot (\gamma \cdot \alpha)) \cdot \delta$$

$$= \beta \cdot ((\gamma \cdot \alpha) \cdot \delta)$$

$$= \beta \cdot (\gamma \cdot (\alpha \cdot \delta))$$

$$= \beta \cdot (\gamma \cdot (\delta \cdot \alpha))$$

$$\textcircled{3} ((\alpha \cdot \beta) \cdot \gamma) \cdot \delta = ((\delta \cdot \beta) \cdot \gamma) \cdot \alpha$$

Λύση:

Αντιμετάθεση

$$\square = ((\alpha \cdot \beta) \cdot \gamma), \Delta = \delta$$

$$((\alpha \cdot \beta) \cdot \gamma) \cdot \delta = \delta \cdot ((\alpha \cdot \beta) \cdot \gamma)$$

Αντιμετάθεση

$$\square = \alpha, \Delta = \beta = \delta \cdot ((\beta \cdot \alpha) \cdot \gamma)$$

Προσεταιριστική

$$\square = \beta, \Delta = \alpha, \sigma = \gamma = \delta \cdot (\beta \cdot (\alpha \cdot \gamma))$$

Αντιμετάθεση

$$\square = \alpha, \Delta = \gamma = \delta \cdot (\beta \cdot (\gamma \cdot \alpha))$$

Προσεταιριστική

$$\square = \beta, \Delta = \gamma, \sigma = \alpha = \delta \cdot ((\beta \cdot \gamma) \cdot \alpha)$$

Προσεταιριστική

$$\square = \delta, \Delta = (\beta \cdot \gamma), \sigma = \alpha = (\delta \cdot (\beta \cdot \gamma)) \cdot \alpha$$

Προσεταιριστική

$$\square = \delta, \Delta = \beta, \sigma = \gamma = ((\delta \cdot \beta) \cdot \gamma) \cdot \alpha$$