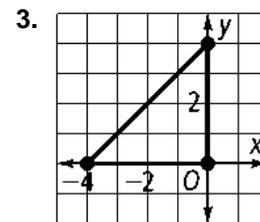
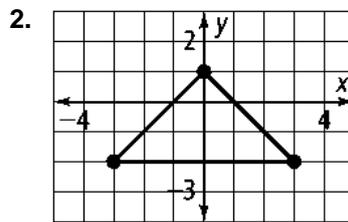
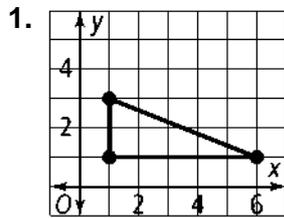


5-3 Practice

Form G

Bisectors in Triangles

Coordinate Geometry Find the circumcenter of each triangle.



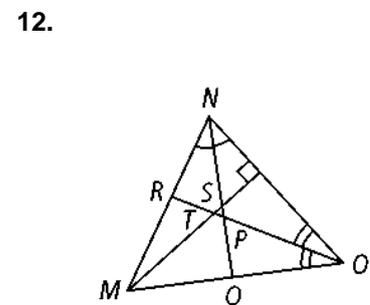
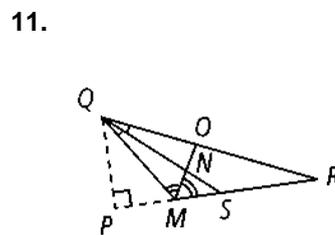
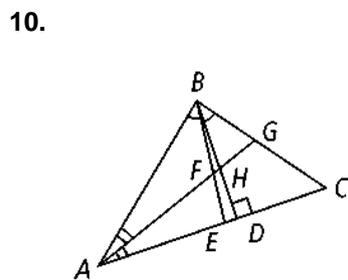
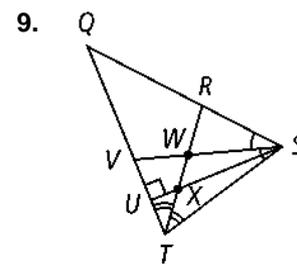
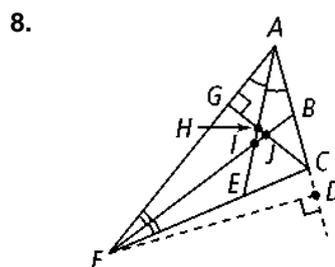
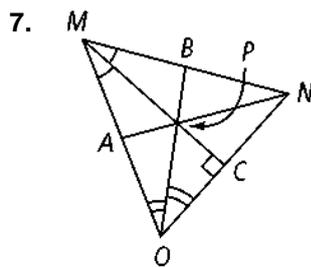
Coordinate Geometry Find the circumcenter of $\triangle ABC$.

4. $A(1, 3)$
 $B(4, 3)$
 $C(4, 2)$

5. $A(2, -3)$
 $B(-4, -3)$
 $C(-4, -7)$

6. $A(-5, -2)$
 $B(1, -2)$
 $C(1, 6)$

Name the point of concurrency of the angle bisectors.



5-3

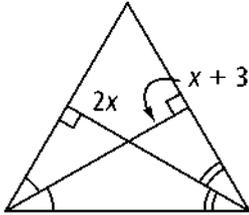
Practice (continued)

Form G

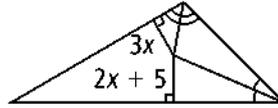
Bisectors in Triangles

Find the value of x .

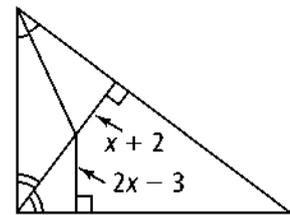
13.



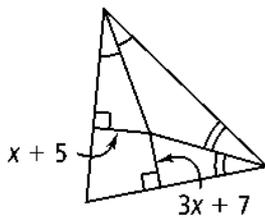
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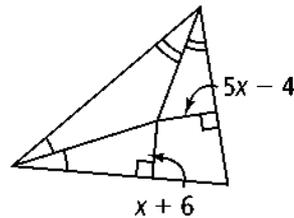
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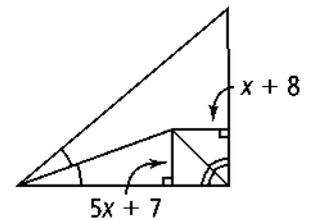
16.



17.

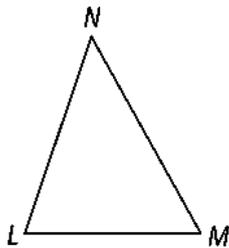


18.



- 19. Construction** Construct three perpendicular bisectors for $\triangle LMN$. Then use the point of concurrency to construct the circumscribed circle.

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- 20. Construction** Construct two angle bisectors for $\triangle ABC$. Then use the point of concurrency to construct the inscribed circle.

