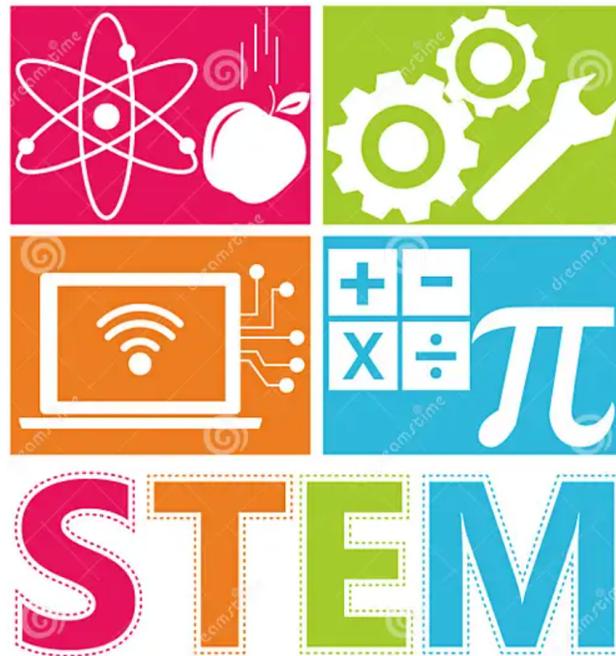


4th Grade SCIENCE FAIR PROJECT



Name / Section

Archimedean Academy
2023-2024
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Science Fair Scholar Checklist

Working Plan	Timeline Due Date	Parent's Signature & Date	Teacher's Signature & Date
1. Share information, and packet with scholars, and parents. Set up Orange Folder.	Monday 10/2/23		
2. Select 3 topics from the list provided. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • List them in your preference order. • Read through the question checklist, and circle "yes", or "no". • Sign, and ask your parent to sign, too. (pg. 4) 	Friday 10/6/23		
3. Complete topic research. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cite 3 or more resources. • Write the Problem Statement (Testable Question). • Form a Hypothesis. (pg. 5, 6) 	Friday 10/13/23		
4. Design an Experiment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify Variables. • List and collect Materials. • Write Procedures. • Create a Data Collection Table (pg. 7, 8, 9) 	Friday 10/20/23		
5. Perform Experiment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Collect Data • Take Pictures • Create a Graph. (pg. 9) 	Friday 11/3/23		
6. Analyze Data: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Write Results • Compare Results to Hypothesis. • Write Conclusion • Write Application (pg. 10, 11, 12) 	Friday 11/17/23		

7. Write the Abstract, and Bibliography <p style="text-align: right;">(pg. 14, 15)</p>	Monday 11/27/23		
8. Create the PowerPoint and record the Video Presentation	Monday 12/04/23		
9. Turn in Science Fair Project (Orange Folder & PowerPoint & Video)	Monday 12/04/23		

Science Fair Project Proposal Form

Topic – Option 1:

Topic – Option 2:

Topic – Option 3:

Question Checklist:

Are the topics interesting enough to read about and work on for the next few weeks?	Yes / No
Can you find at least 3 sources of written information on the subject?	Yes / No
Can you design a “fair test” to answer your question (problem statement)? In other words, can you change only one variable test (independent/ manipulated) at a time, and control other factors that might influence your experiment, so that they do not interfere?	Yes / No
Can you measure the outcome/ dependent/ responding variable, which are the changes in response to the independent/ manipulative variable, using a number that represents a quantity such as count, length, width, weight, time, etc.?	Yes / No
Did you read the Science Fair Rules and Guidelines? Is your experiment safe to perform?	Yes / No
Will you be able to obtain all the materials and equipment you need for your Science Fair Project quickly, and at a very low cost?	Yes / No
Do you have enough time to do your experiment, and repeat it at least 2 more times, before the school Science Fair?	Yes / No

I have discussed the project problem statements and the checklist with my parent(s), and I am willing to commit to following through on this project.

Student Signature

Date

I have discussed the project idea and the checklist with my child, and I believe he/ she can follow through with this project.

Parent Name & Signature

Date

Bibliography for Resources

Directions: List all the resources you used for your background research; books, internet articles and websites, etc. You may NOT list any search engine as a resource (for example google.com). Please list the **URL** for each website you used in your research.

Problem Statement (Testable Question): Form of a question, like “Does changing _____(IV) affect the _____(DV)?”

Form a Hypothesis: An educated guess of what you think will happen. An “If (IV), then (DV), because (rationale/reason)”-statement.

Experimental Design:

- **Variables:**

- **Independent/ Manipulated Variable (IV):** What do I choose to change?

- **Dependent/ Responding Variable (DV):** What do I measure?

- **Control /Constant Variables (CV):** What do I keep the same in the experiment?

- **Materials:**

Directions: Make a list of all the materials you will use, along the amounts of each material in metric units. **Use metric measurement tools only.**

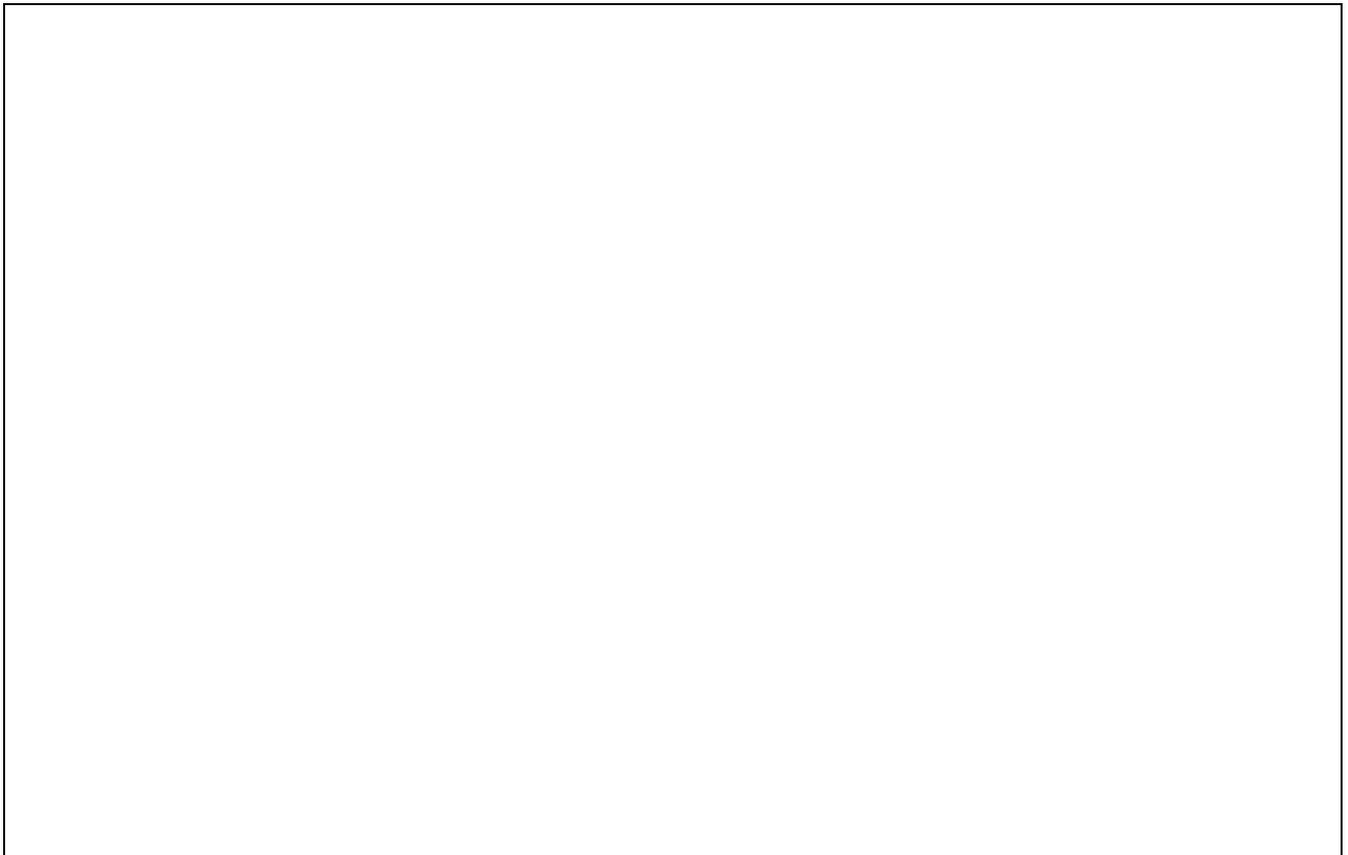
Data: Create a data table to collect and record data observed and measured during the experiment. **Remember to include all 3 trials and the average.**

Table Title _____

(Independent Variable = What you are testing/changing))	Trial 1	Trial 2	Trial 3	Average

Now you are ready to conduct the Experiment. Remember to take pictures and to repeat the experiment at least 3 times.

Graph: Make a graph to display the data collected and recorded on data table.
(Remember: DRy Mix)



ELEMENTARY SCIENCE, MATHEMATICS, ENGINEERING AND INVENTION FAIR

Project #:

Judge Number:

Directions:
 Darken circles completely.
 Tally total points.
 Total Points: _____

RUBRIC FOR JUDGING INVESTIGATION PROJECTS

<p>1. Abstract & Bibliography To what degree does the abstract and bibliography describe the project and support the research?</p>	<p>0 = No Abstract/No documentation of research 1 = Poorly written and one documentation 2 = Poorly written and two documentations of research 3 = Well-written but does not describe all components of the project 4 = Well-written and completely describes the project</p>	<p align="center">0 1 2 3 4</p>
<p>2. Problem Statement To what degree is the problem statement new and/or different for a student at this grade level and how well is it written?</p>	<p>0 = No Problem Statement 1 = Incomplete Problem Statement 2 = Poorly written or not in a question form 3 = Complete well-written Problem Statement in question form 4 = Above expectations – detailed, well-written in question form</p>	<p align="center">0 1 2 3 4</p>
<p>3. Hypothesis To what degree is this a testable prediction?</p>	<p>0 = No hypothesis 1 = Incomplete hypothesis 2 = Complete hypothesis, but not completely testable 3 = Hypothesis is well-written and testable 4 = Hypothesis is above expectations – detailed, well-written, testable</p>	<p align="center">0 1 2 3 4</p>
<p>4. Procedures - Numbered step by step - Sentences begin with verbs - Quantities to measure are listed in metric units</p>	<p>0 = No overall procedural plan to confirm hypothesis 1 = Partial procedural plan to confirm hypothesis 2 = Sufficient procedural plan to confirm hypothesis 3 = Well-written plan, numbered step by step, sentences beginning with verbs 4 = Well-written as above and detailed including repeatability and specified measurements of materials used in experiment</p>	<p align="center">0 1 2 3 4</p>
<p>5. How well are all variables recognized? -Test (independent/manipulated) -Outcome (dependent/responding) -Control (if applicable) -Constants</p>	<p>0 = No variables or constants are recognized 1 = Some variables or some constants are recognized 2 = All variables are recognized, but not all constants and controls (if applicable) or vice versa 3 = All variables & constants and controls (if applicable) are recognized 4 = All variables & constants and controls (if applicable) are clearly and appropriately recognized</p>	<p align="center">0 1 2 3 4</p>
<p>6. Materials and Equipment Were the items: - listed in column form - equipment specifically named - metric units are used</p>	<p>0 = No materials identified or used 1 = Materials not specifically identified and/or used properly 2 = Materials specifically identified but used improperly 3 = Materials specifically identified in column form and used properly 4 = Materials specifically identified in column form & metric units used properly</p>	<p align="center">0 1 2 3 4</p>
<p>7. Results To what degree have the results been interpreted?</p>	<p>0 = No written narrative interpretation of data 1 = Partial written narrative interpretation of data 2 = Correct written narrative interpretation of data 3 = Comprehensive narrative interpretation of data including averaging 4 = Comprehensive and significant interpretation of data above expectations</p>	<p align="center">0 1 2 3 4</p>
<p>8. Conclusion To what degree are the conclusions recognized and interpreted? Including: - the purpose of the investigation - hypothesis supported/not supported - the major findings</p>	<p>0 = No problem statement or interpretation of data support for hypothesis identified 1 = Incomplete problem statement or interpretation of data support for hypothesis 2 = Correct/complete conclusion/interpretation of data support for hypothesis 3 = Well-written conclusion/interpretation of data support for hypothesis 4 = Well-written conclusion/interpretation of data support for hypothesis with major findings and possible explanations for them</p>	<p align="center">0 1 2 3 4</p>
<p>9. Application To what degree are the applications recognized and interpreted? Including: -Improvements to the investigation - Use of the findings - New question(s) to be investigated</p>	<p>0 = No recommendations, applications, or new question recognized 1 = Incomplete or vague recommendations, applications, or new question recognized 2 = Apparent recommendations, applications, or new question recognized 3 = Recommendations, applications, and new question clearly recognized 4 = Significant well-written recommendations, applications, and new question recognized</p>	<p align="center">0 1 2 3 4</p>
<p>10. Display Attributes: - free standing - correct grammar/ spelling - clear and legible - attractive visual display</p>	<p>0 = Unsatisfactory quality of display - more than three attributes are missing 1 = Poor quality of display - only two or three attributes are missing 2 = Average quality- only one attribute missing with minor errors and of fair quality 3 = Good quality – all attributes present and with few if any minor errors 4 = Superior display – all attributes present and of exemplary quality</p>	<p align="center">0 1 2 3 4</p>
<p>11. Oral Presentation or Interview -How clear, well prepared and organized is the presentation? -How complete is the student's understanding of the experimental work?</p>	<p>0 = Poor presentation; cannot answer questions 1 = Poor presentation; partially answers questions 2 = Fair presentation; adequately answers most questions 3 = Good presentation; precisely answers most questions 4 = Exemplary presentation and knowledge; precisely answers all questions</p>	<p align="center">0 1 2 3 4</p>