

Name: _____ Date: _____ Section: _____

CIVICS GUIDED NOTES: CITIZENSHIP – UNIT 1.2A AND 1.2B

Topic 1.2A: Citizenship, Naturalization, and Immigration

Benchmark: Define the term: _____ Identify _____ means of _____ a U.S. citizen.

Journal Questions 1.2A: In your opinion, answer the following:

1) What is a Citizen? _____

2) Who are American Citizens? _____

Is America a melting pot or a tossed salad? Why? _____

Guided Notes 1.2A:

- 3) Define "citizen: There are many definitions for citizen. The Dictionary says a Citizen is a legally recognized member of a nation either _____ or _____. The textbook says a citizen is a community _____ who owes _____ to the government and is _____ to its protection.
- 4) Which amendment to the U.S. Constitution defines citizenship? _____
- 5) What does the original U.S. Constitution say about defining citizenship? "All persons _____ or _____ in the United States and subject to the jurisdiction thereof are _____ of the United States and of the _____ wherein they reside.
- 6) The 2 ways to become a U.S. citizen: _____ - _____ or _____
- 7) The 2 ways to become a natural-born citizen: Law of _____ and Law of _____
- 8) **Law of Soil:** Anyone _____ in the USA or in any U.S. territory / military base, is automatically a U.S. citizen.
- 9) **Law of Blood:** If born OUTSIDE of the U.S.A. with a _____ who is a U.S. Citizen who resided in the USA.
- 10) **Naturalization** is the _____ of _____ a U.S. _____.
- 11) List **5 qualifications** to becoming a US Citizen:
- Be at least _____ years old.
 - Be a lawful permanent _____.
 - Have lived in the U.S. for at least _____ years.
 - Be of "good _____ character."
 - Know basic _____.

If 18, married to a U.S. citizen, there are different minimum resident requirements.

12) List the **5 steps** to **naturalization**:

1. Apply for permanent residency (green card) & reside in U.S. as a permanent resident for _____ years.
2. After that, must be at least 18 years old to _____ for U.S. Citizenship.
3. Get a finger-prints and background- _____.
4. Must pass an in-person _____ and citizenship _____ about Civics in English.
5. Must take an _____ of allegiance.

13) An **alien** is any person who is _____ a citizen or national of the U.S.A.

14) An **immigrant** is a person who v _____ comes to live in USA p _____.

15) A **resident** is any person who _____ in the USA that is not a U.S. citizen.

16) True or False. a legal alien is any foreign national who is permitted under the law to be in the country, and these include foreign students and workers with valid visas, and registered migrants, refugees, and asylees. _____

Guided Notes: Unit 1.2B Citizenship Duties/Obligations and Responsibilities

Journal Questions 1.2B: In your opinion, answer the following questions:

1) What does it mean to you to be a "Good Citizen"? _____

2) What does citizenship mean to you? _____

Benchmark 1.2B: Evaluate the _____ citizens have to _____

laws, _____ taxes, _____ the nation, and _____ on juries.

Guided Notes 1.2B:

1. What is the difference between a duty / obligation and a responsibility?

A duty/obligation is what you _____ do because of a legal _____

A responsibility is what you _____ do because of an _____

2. What duties or "obligations" do all citizens have:

a. Obey the _____.

b. Pay _____.

c. Defend the _____.

d. Register for selective _____.

e. Serve on _____.

3. "Selective Service" is a requirement that all 18 year old males _____ to be drafted for military service in case they are needed in the future to serve in the military to help defend the nation in times of war.

4. A Jury is a group of fellow community members or peers who listen to evidence and give a _____ or final decision in a court case.

5. What are duties of both citizens and residents? Obey _____ and pay _____.

6. List 5 responsibilities of citizens:

a. V _____ in elections

b. Be _____ about local, state, and national issues and public affairs and discuss.

c. Taking part in _____, participate, attend public meetings, sign petitions, lobby, etc.

d. Helping your _____ by volunteering and being involved.

e. Respect and Protect _____ rights.

f. Run for _____, join civic and community organizations, participate in protest, etc.

6. What is the **Common Good**? The common good is what is good for the community as a whole. Give examples of the common good: _____

7. List ways you help support the common good: _____

8. Active Citizenship is getting _____ in your local community and participating in democracy at any and all levels, from neighborhoods to cities to nationwide activity.

9. Do you have to be a U.S. Citizen to practice active citizenship or good citizenship? _____

Observation Journal Questions 1.2B: "Active Citizen" from Netflix's "We the People"

1) Describe how the young woman makes change in the community. _____

2) List all the responsibilities and duties of citizenship portrayed in the video and discussed in the music. _____

3) Discuss why active citizenship is important for everyone in a community. _____

4) What are ways you can exercise your power in being an active citizen? _____

