

SECTIONS: 4A,B,C,D,E

DATE	HOMEWORK
Monday	→ Complete activity on Seesaw “HOMEWORK 4/5 - 4/9 DUE MONDAY 4/12”
Tuesday	→ Complete activity on Seesaw “HOMEWORK 4/5 - 4/9 DUE MONDAY 4/12”
Wednesday	→ Complete activity on Seesaw “HOMEWORK 4/5 - 4/9 DUE MONDAY 4/12”
Thursday	→ Complete activity on Seesaw “HOMEWORK 4/5 - 4/9 DUE MONDAY 4/12”
Friday	→ Complete activity on Seesaw “HOMEWORK 4/5 - 4/9 DUE MONDAY 4/12”

Reminders

- **HW due MONDAY, April 12th on Seesaw (Study Guide)**
- **Reproduction of Flowering Plants/Life Cycles Monday 4/12**

SCIENCE VOCABULARY

Pollination: occurs when pollen is transferred from the stamen (male part) of a flower to the pistil (female part) of same flower or of another flower

Stamen: where the pollen is made

Pollen: fine dust like powder containing male reproductive cells

Petals: plant parts that help reproduce by attracting pollinators

Fertilization: occurs when the pollen from the same kind of flower is transferred to the ovary of the pistil and joins with the egg cell

Seed Dispersal: the spreading of seeds by wind, water, and animals

Germination: the process whereby the tiny plant inside of a seed puts out a small root

Complete metamorphosis: a specific type of insect development involving four life

cycle stages including: embryo, larvae, pupa, and adult stages

Incomplete metamorphosis: a type of life cycle where there is no pupal stage

between immature and adult stages