ONOMA (NAME):_____

Εργασία 30 - Greek Math - (Homework) 30

(2A,2B,2C,2D,2E)

ΓΑΥΔΟΣ

Dear Scholars,

*This week we will be revising the number's Greek name up το 1000, counting by 2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11 introducing <u>Multiplication</u>. We will analyze the value of a number (hundreds, tens, ones) and learn to identify (greater/smaller/equal) (half/double) 3/2/1 digit numbers, using symbols (+ , -, ( ), = , > , <) and properties in addition - subtraction problems. <u>Mental Maths:</u> (Completion of **a multiple of 10**), (Three/two digit **plus** a single/two digit), (Three digit **minus** a single/two digit).*

<u>QUIZ will be taken, in class, on Wednesday 4/24/2024.</u>

Dear Parents,

Your children have been practicing similar exercises in class. Along with the example given the beginning of each exercise, they are able to complete the task.

Please, remind them to submit the packet **on Archie**, on <u>Sunday 4/28/2024</u>. Please, encourage your child to complete the assigned homework.

If you have any questions or concerns, please, contact me through email at: ilias.papadopoulos@archimedean.org.

Thank you,

Mr Elias Papadopoulos

Άσκηση 1: **Σκέφτομαι** και **λύνω σωστά,** χρησιμοποιώντας την *επιμεριστική ιδιότητα:* α x (β+γ)=(α x β)+(α x γ) και την *επιμεριστική ιδιότητα:* α x (β-γ)=(α x β)-(α x γ) όπως στο παράδειγμα:

➜ 2 x (6+3) = (2 x 6) + (2 x 3) = 12+6 = 18

➜ 3 x (5-1) = (3 x 5) - (3 x 1) = 15-3 = 12

➢ 2 x (7+4) = _____

➢ 3 x (5-2) = _____

➢ 4 x (6+4) = _____

➢ 4 x (4-2) = _____

➢ 5 x (6+5) = _____

➢ 5 x (4-2) = _____

➢ 6 x (6+3) = _____

➢ 7 x (6-0) = _____

Άσκηση 2: Κάνε τις προσθέσεις, χρησιμοποιώντας την _ιδιότητα_: α+(β+γ)=(α+β)+γ όπως στο παράδειγμα:

→ 80+**128**=80+(120+8)=(80+120)+8=**200**+8= **208**

→ 70+**326**=70+(320+6)=(70+320)+6=**390**+6= **396**

➢ 10+**137** = _____

➢ 20+**128** = _____

➢ 30+**248** = _____

➢ 40+**324** = _____

➢ 50+**442** = _____

➢ 60+**537** = _____

➢ 70+**625** = _____

➢ 80+**712** = _____

➢ 90+**813** = _____

➢ 10+**968** = _____

Άσκηση 3: Κάνε τις αφαιρέσεις, χρησιμοποιώντας την _ιδιότητα_: (α+β)–γ=α+(β–γ) όπως στο παράδειγμα:

➜130–6=(120+10)–6=120+(10–6)=120+4=124

➜280–3=(270+10)–3=270+(10–3)=270+7=277

- ➤ 130–1 = _____

- ➤ 240–2 = _____

- ➤ 330–3 = _____

- ➤ 430–4 = _____

- ➤ 540–5 = _____

- ➤ 620–6 = _____

- ➤ 740–7 = _____

- ➤ 860–8 = _____

- ➤ 910–9 = _____