
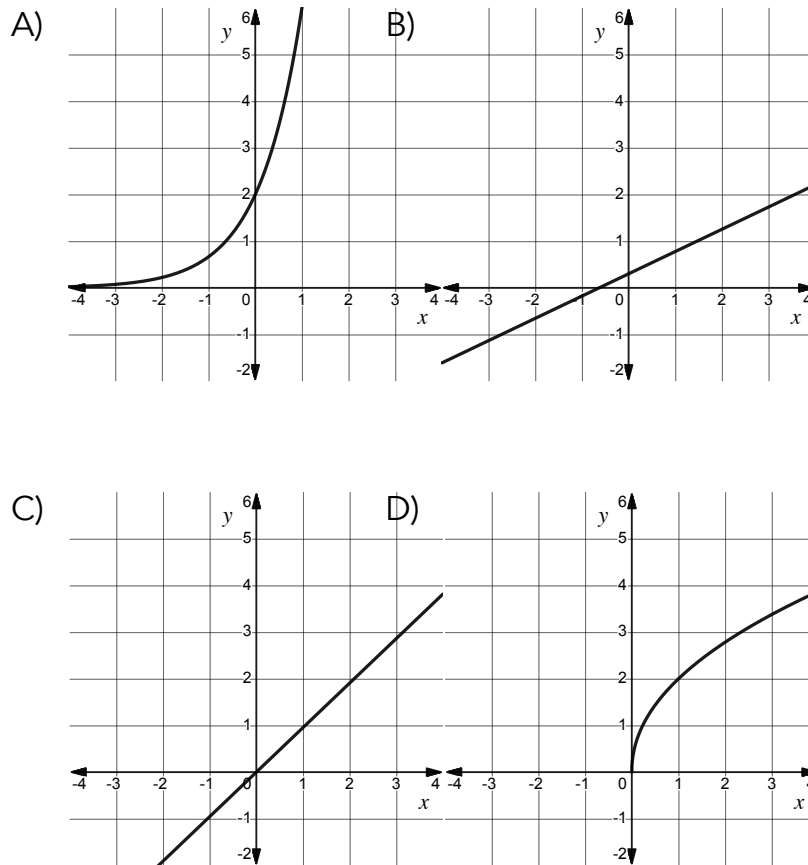


HW 5-9

NAME _____

-  1. Which of the following statements is true about a data set, its scatterplot, and its corresponding semi-log plot, where the vertical axis is logarithmically scaled?
- A) Data that follows an exponential pattern will have a curved semi-log plot.
 - B) Data that follows a linear pattern will have an exponential semi-log plot.
 - C) Data that follows an exponential pattern will have a linear semi-log plot.
 - D) Data that follows a logarithmic pattern will have a linear semi-log plot.

2. Let $f(x) = 2 \cdot 3^x$. Which of the following could represent the graph of the semi-log plot, $y = \log(f(x))$?





3.

A population of insects is growing exponentially and can be modeled by the function f , where $f(x)$ is the population after x years and $f(0)$ represents the population in 2015. The semi-log plot $y = \ln f(x)$ is modeled by the equation

$$y = 8.37793 + 0.037x.$$

- To the nearest insect, what is the insect population in 2015?
- What is the annual growth rate of the insect population? Round to the nearest tenth.



4.

The table gives values for $\ln f(x)$ for some function f . Which of the following statements best describe f ?

x	3	4	5	6
$\ln f(x)$	10	12	14	16

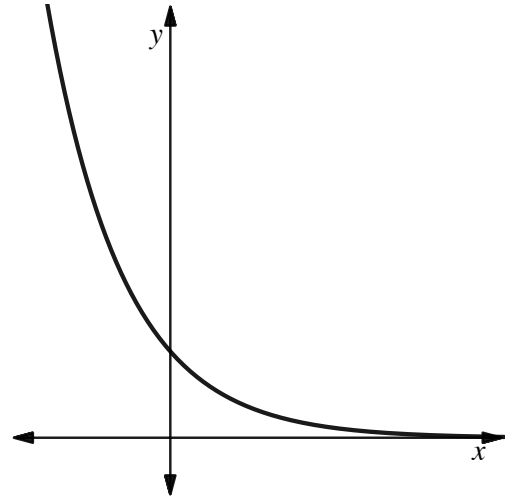
- f is an exponential function because the values of x and $\ln f(x)$ both form arithmetic sequences.
- f is a linear function because the values of x and $\ln f(x)$ both form arithmetic sequences.
- f is a logarithmic function because there is a constant rate of change in $\ln f(x)$.
- f is an exponential function because the values of $\ln f(x)$ increase faster than the values of x .

5. The number of people with accounts on a dating app can be modeled by the function $A(t) = 470(1.047)^t$ where t is the number of months since the app was launched. A semi-log plot of this data includes points of the form $(t, \log A(t))$.

- a. Explain why the semi-log plot shows a linear pattern.
- b. Find the y -intercept of the semi-log plot and interpret its meaning in the context of the model.
- c. Find the slope of the semi-log plot and interpret its meaning in the context of the model.

6. The graph of a function g is shown. Which of the following is guaranteed about the values of constants m and b in the equation $\ln g(x) = mx + b$?

- A) $m < 0$
- B) $b > 0$
- C) $0 < m < 1$
- D) $b > 2$



7. A table of some values for a function f , where $g(x) = \ln f(x)$ is shown. Which of the following statements is true about the function g ?

x	0	1	2	3	4
$f(x)$	1	3	9	27	81

- A) g is an exponential function because g has outputs changing additively.
- B) g is a linear function because g has outputs changing additively.
- C) g is a power function because g has a constant difference over equal intervals of x .
- D) g is a logarithmic function because g has outputs changing multiplicatively.

8. A population of 50 bacteria cells doubles in size every hour. The equation for the number of bacteria in the petri dish can be modeled by $B(t) = 50(2)^t$, where t is the time, in days, and y is the number of bacteria cells. A semi-log plot of this data includes points of the form $(t, \log B(t))$.

- a. Explain why the semi-log plot shows a linear pattern.
- b. Find the y -intercept of the semi-log plot and interpret its meaning in the context of the model.
- c. Find the slope of the semi-log plot and interpret its meaning in the context of the model.



9.

A frog population in a small pond grows exponentially and can be modeled by the function f , where $f(x)$ is the population after x months and $f(0)$ represents the population in February. The semi-log plot $y = \ln f(x)$ is modeled by the equation $y = 4.44265 + 0.1655x$.

- a. To the nearest frog, what is the insect population in February?
- b. What is the annual growth rate of the frog population? Round to the nearest percent.