



WEEKLY HOMEWORK AGENDA

Home Learning: 3A, 3B, 3C, 3D, 3E

December 11th – 15th, 2023



Monday, December 11th:

- **I-ready:** Complete 20 minutes in your **green** lesson path

Tuesday, December 12th:

- **HMH:** Re-read "Dear Dragon" in preparation for Wednesday's selection quiz

Wednesday, December 13th:

- **CommonLit:** "The Mysterious Egg"

Thursday, December 14th:

- **I-ready:** Complete 25 minutes in your **green** lesson path

Friday, December 15th:

Have a wonderful weekend!

Weekly Class Reminders

- **Module 2 Week 3 Assessment:** Thursday, December 14th

SKILLS REVIEW

Figurative Language

Figurative Language includes "figures of speech" that compare, exaggerate, or mean something different from what is expected.

Simile A comparison of two things using "like" or "as"



I'm happy as a clam!

Metaphor A comparison of two things by saying one thing is another thing

You must be a walking encyclopedia to know all those facts.



Hyperbole Exaggerations that make things sound bigger, better, or more than what they truly are



I waited for 100 years!

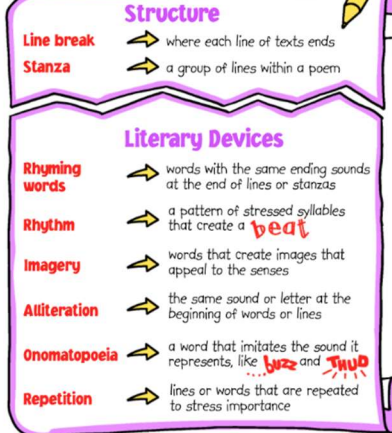
Idiom An expression that means something different from the meaning of its individual words



I feel sick as a dog.

Elements of Poetry

Poetry can tell a story, describe a situation, or appeal to the senses.



Point of View

Who is telling the story?



A story told in **first-person point of view** has a character in the story as the narrator. Readers learn about other characters from what they say to the narrator.

A story told in **third-person point of view** has an outside narrator. The narrator can tell readers what all of the characters are saying, doing, and thinking.

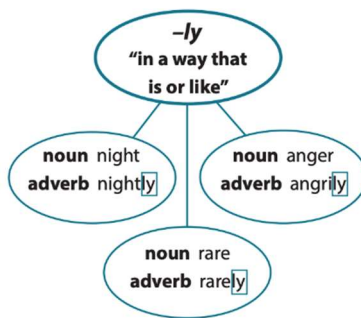
Vocabulary

Grammar

Generative Vocabulary 2.13b

Suffixes -y, -ly

When you add -y or -ly to a base word, the base word's spelling may change. To add the suffix -y to a base word ending in e, you may need to drop the final e before adding the suffix. To add the suffix -ly to a base word ending in y, you need to replace the final y with i before adding the suffix.



Review Common and Proper Nouns

Common nouns name any person, animal, place, or thing. Proper nouns name a particular person, animal, place, or thing.

Proper nouns begin with capital letters and may have more than one word. People's titles, holidays, places, and important words in titles of books are capitalized.

The **dog** we saw at the **park** is a **Saint Bernard**.

The **party** at the **apartment** is to celebrate the **Fourth of July**.

Generative Vocabulary 2.13a

Suffixes -y, -ly

A **suffix** is a word part added to the end of a base word that changes the meaning of the word.

The suffix **-y** means "having or like" something. It changes a base word into an adjective.

The suffix **-ly** means "in a way that is or like" something. It changes a base word into an adverb that explains how or when something is done.

