

1. Review again the box titled: **Tips for Genetic Problems** (at the end of Ch.14).
2. Then, complete the Test Your Understanding problems #1 through #10, #12, and #14 on separate sheets of paper (as with all study guides, write in dark pen so your scan is easy to read).
 - In Appendix A of your textbook, you will find the solutions to each problem - *except #14* - so you can check your final answers **after** you are done giving each one a serious attempt.
 - Do **not** jump to the answer before really trying to figure out the answer yourself by reviewing again the relevant section of your textbook if necessary, or you will only short-change your own learning.
3. You must **SHOW ALL YOUR WORK!** Only showing the final answer (or parts of all the steps taken) to arrive at your final answer will **not** earn you credit for this assignment - your job is to **SHOW and EXPLAIN HOW** you too arrived at every final answer.
 - You must **NEATLY** and in an **ORGANIZED** manner, showcase/explain **EVERY STEP** you take to solve each problem.
 - (1) Write each new major step in a solution on a **new** line so that your thoughts and actions can be traced down the page vertically and in a logical manner. Don't scribble random calculations or genotypes all over the place.
 - (2) Your answers should clearly showcase to the reader every logical step you took, every Punnett Square you used, and every calculation completed in neat and legible handwriting.
 - (3) Leave a few blank lines **between** every subpart of the same problem and between every new problem.
 - (4) When you draw a Punnett Square, draw it **large** enough so you have enough space for all the gametes' genotypes and your offspring's genotypes.
 - (5) Use correct allele notation. Don't forget, if a gene is **SEX**-linked, place it as a superscript on the **X or Y**.
 - (6) **Remember, always figure out and list the parents genotypes first before you start showing which gametes or offspring they can make** (even if the problem doesn't ask for you to do so directly)!