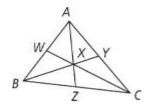
Practice

Form G

Medians and Altitudes

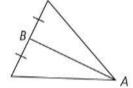
In $\triangle ABC$, X is the centroid.

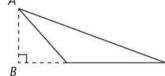
- **1.** If CW = 15, find CX and XW.
- **2.** If BX = 8, find BY and XY.
- **3.** If XZ = 3, find AX and AZ.



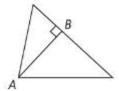
Is \overline{AB} a median, an altitude, or neither? Explain.

4.





6.





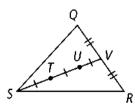
Coordinate Geometry Find the orthocenter of $\triangle ABC$.

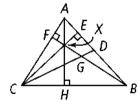
8. A(2, 0), B(2, 4), C(6, 0)

9. A(1, 1), B(3, 4), C(6, 1)

10. Name the centroid.

11. Name the orthocenter.





Draw a triangle that fits the given description. Then construct the centroid and the orthocenter.

12. equilateral ΔCDE

13. acute isosceles ΔXYZ

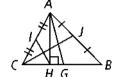
Practice (continued)

Form G

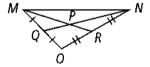
Medians and Altitudes

In Exercises 14-18, name each segment.

14. a median in $\triangle ABC$



- **15.** an altitude for $\triangle ABC$
- **16.** a median in $\triangle AHC$
- **17.** an altitude for $\triangle AHB$
- **18.** an altitude for $\triangle AHG$
- **19.** A(0, 0), B(0, -2), C(-3, 0). Find the orthocenter of $\triangle ABC$.
- **21.** In which kind of triangle is the centroid at the same point as the orthocenter?
- **22.** P is the centroid of $\triangle MNO$. MP = 14x + 8y. Write expressions to represent PR and MR.



23. *F* is the centroid of $\triangle ACE$. $AD = 15x^2 + 3y$. Write expressions to represent AF and FD.

