

## 4-4 Reteaching

By finding values that satisfy a function rule, you can graph points and discover the shape of its graph.

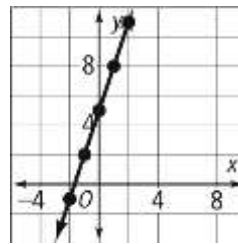
### Problem

What is the graph of the function rule  $y = 3x + 5$ ?

First, choose any values for  $x$  and find the corresponding values of  $y$ . Make a table of your values.

$x$	$y = 3x + 5$	$(x, y)$
-2	$y = 3(-2) + 5 = -1$	$(-2, -1)$
-1	$y = 3(-1) + 5 = 2$	$(-1, 2)$
0	$y = 3(0) + 5 = 5$	$(0, 5)$
1	$y = 3(1) + 5 = 8$	$(1, 8)$
2	$y = 3(2) + 5 = 11$	$(2, 11)$

Then, graph the points from your table. In this case, the points are in a line. Draw the line.



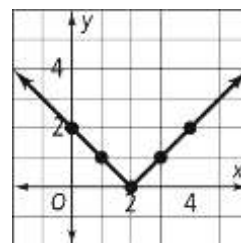
### Problem

What is the graph of the function rule  $y = |x - 2|$ ?

First, choose any values for  $x$  and find the corresponding values of  $y$ . Make a table of your values.

$x$	$y =  x - 2 $	$(x, y)$
0	$y =  0 - 2  = 2$	$(0, 2)$
1	$y =  1 - 2  = 1$	$(1, 1)$
2	$y =  2 - 2  = 0$	$(2, 0)$
3	$y =  3 - 2  = 1$	$(3, 1)$
4	$y =  4 - 2  = 2$	$(4, 2)$

Then, graph the points from your table. In this case, the points make a V shape. Draw the V.



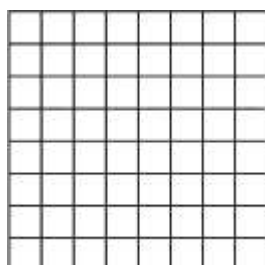
# 4-4 Reteaching (continued)

## Exercises

Graph each function rule.

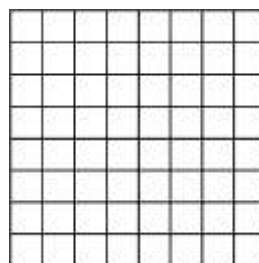
1.  $y = \frac{x}{2} + 3$

$x$	$y = \frac{x}{2} + 3$	$(x, y)$



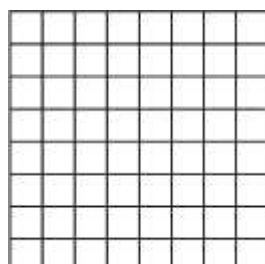
2.  $y = -x - 3$

$x$	$y = -x - 3$	$(x, y)$



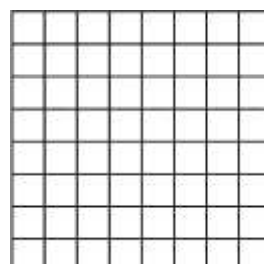
3.  $y = x^2 - 3$

$x$	$y = x^2 - 3$	$(x, y)$



4.  $y = |x| + 1$

$x$	$y =  x  + 1$	$(x, y)$



### **Relations and Functions**

**Find the range of each function when the domain is  $\{-2, -1, 0, 2\}$ .**

**5.**  $y = 3x - 4$

**6.**  $y = \sqrt{x} - 5$

**7.**  $y = x^2 - 2$